

UNIT OF STUDY #8 Decimals, Money and Measurement

Title: Decimals, Money and Measurement Subject/Course: Math Length: 6 wks	
Topic: Decimals, Money and Measurement Grade: 4 Designer: Shaundra Flanery Tammie Nelson Carrie Holt	
UNIT GOALS AND EXPECTATIONS	
IMPORTANT CONCEPTS: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Place value position determines the value in decimal numbers. Monetary amounts can be created in multiple ways using various coins and dollar amounts. Monetary estimates are used in contextual situations. Decimal numbers can be compared and ordered. Different scales of measurement are used throughout the world. Measurements can be converted to different units. Formulas can be used to determine perimeter, area, and volume. 	ESSENTIAL QUESTIONS: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> How can we use decimals and measurement in our daily life? How do I choose the appropriate tool and unit when measuring? How do I estimate and measure? What are perimeter and area, and how are they measured? How do you use weight and measurement in your life? How can I measure length, mass, and capacity by using nonstandard units? What is the difference between Fahrenheit and Celsius? How can I represent the same amount of money using different combinations of coins and bills?
STUDENT LEARNING EXPECTATIONS: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> M.13.4.5a Apply money concepts in contextual situations to determine the better buy M.13.4.5b Apply money concepts in contextual situations to determine change back with the least amount of currency. M.13.4.5c Apply money concepts in contextual situations to compare money. M.12.4.3a Use the relationship among units of measurement: length/width M.12.4.3b Use the relationship among units of measurement: volume/capacity M.12.4.3c Use the relationship among units of measurement: weight/mass A.6.4.1 Create a chart or table to organize given information and to understand relationships and explain the results. M.12.4.2 Distinguish the temperature in contextual problems using the Fahrenheit scale on a thermometer M.12.4.4 Create and complete a conversion 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> M.13.4.7 Use appropriate customary and metric measurement tools for length/width; volume/capacity; weight/mass M.13.4.8a Estimate and measure length using appropriate customary and metric units: to the $\frac{1}{2}$ inch and 1 cm M.13.4.8b Estimate and measure perimeter using appropriate customary and metric units: inches, feet, centimeters, and meters M.13.4.8c Estimate and measure area using appropriate customary and metric units: square inches, square feet, square centimeters, square meters M.13.4.8d Estimate and measure volume/capacity and weight/mass using appropriate customary and metric units: cups, pints, quarts, gallons, liters; pounds, ounces, gram, kilograms M.13.4.9 Use strategies for finding the perimeter of a rectangle M.13.4.10 Use strategies for finding the area of

table to show relationships between units of measurement in the same system	a rectangle. • M.13.4.11 Use strategies to find the volume of rectangular prisms and cubes
SPECIFIC DECLARATIVE KNOWLEDGE – What I know <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Vocabulary Terms: Capacity, Teaspoon, Tablespoon, Cup, Pint, Quart, Gallon, Ounce, Pound, Ton, Weight, Degrees, Fahrenheit, Celsius, Millimeter, Decimeter, Centimeter, Meter, Kilometer, Liter, Mass, Gram, Perimeter, Variable, Area, Square Unit, Formula, Volume, Cubic Units Recognize place value positions and values in decimal numbers. Understand that decimals can be compared and ordered by lining up place value positions. Recognize that monetary amounts are written in decimal form. Monetary amounts can be shown by using different currency. Estimating monetary amounts in contextual situations can be beneficial. Understand that temperature can be measured in Fahrenheit or Celsius. Recognize that thermometers have different intervals. Understand that perimeter, volume, and area have a specific formula. Recognize that area refers to 2-D objects and volume refers to 3-D objects. Understand that measurement units can be converted using multiplication or division. Recognize which measurement unit is appropriate. 	SPECIFIC PROCEDURAL KNOWLEDGE – What I need to do <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Find a measurement tool that matches the term. Demonstrate place value position by using various strategies Model equivalent decimals Apply money concepts Demonstrate how to make change. Read thermometers using Celsius and Fahrenheit scales. Convert measurement units by using different strategies. Use tools to find length, mass, weight, and volume/capacity. Estimate measurements using benchmark numbers. Determine volume of 3-D objects Use formulas to find area and perimeter of objects.
UNIT ASSESSMENTS (Include tasks related to Dimensions 3 and 4 and Bloom's Taxonomy)	
Open Response: Mr. Baker (Application) Open Response: The Frosty Shop/Radio Contest (Synthesis) Open Response: The Pizza House (Application and Analyze) Open Response: Morgan and Carl (Application) RAFT Activity: LES Matinee (Application and Synthesis)	
Traditional Assessments: Test, Homework, Class work, TLI Quiz, Vocabulary Quiz	Other Evidence of Learning:

ACTIVITIES AND LEARNING EXPERIENCES	Resources
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<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Daily prior knowledge will be assessed by using one of the following: KWL charts, brainstorming, anticipation guides, admit slips, think-pair-share and problems of the day. • Introduce: How Do You Change Fractions into Decimals? (video) • Activity: Student Place Value Chart – They will Velcro number cards in the correct place value position on their place value charts. • Activity: Equitable Decimal: Model equivalent decimals using grid paper in groups of four. • Introduce money: Read <u>Pigs Will Be Pigs</u> • Pairs: Will use math manipulatives (play money) to represent monetary amounts in two different ways. • Activity: Money Game (interactive) • The Change Maker game (interactive) • RAFT: Role: Movie Theatre Customers, Audience: Cashier, Format: Graphic Organizer, Topic: Buying concession stand items and making change. Scenario: LES Matinee is hosting the students of Lonoke Elementary to a movie. A concession stand is available where LES students can buy snacks and refreshments. The cashiers are brand new and are having trouble counting back change. Can you help the cashiers? Task: Students will total the amount of their items and determine the amount of change they should receive. • Introduce temperature: The day before we will research the temperature of our room theme country. We will have the students bring an article of clothing that represents that temperature the following day. • Students will demonstrate what happens to molecules as 	<p>http://www.mathplayground.com/howto_fractions_decimals.html</p> <p>Mailbox 2004-2005</p> <p>Mailbox 2004-2005</p> <p>Axelrod, Amy</p> <p>http://www.apples4theteacher.com/java/counting/money.html</p> <p>http://www.funbrain.com/cashreg/index.html</p>
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<ul style="list-style-type: none"> temperature changes. • Practice reading temperature using thermometers. • Introduce Measurement: Measurement Word Association Game • Match the correct vocabulary word to the correct tool in their measurement vocabulary book. (will be provided) • Use The Right Unit (song) • Activity: <u>Measuring Worm Book</u>: Students will write story problems and then cut yarn strips to match the answers. • Pairs: Students will measures objects around the classroom. • Pairs/Small Groups: Students will convert using t-charts. • Introduce Capacity: Following a recipe using capacity units. • Students will construct a Gallon Man. • Students will use the Gallon Man or G Model to convert capacity units. • Whole Group: Cooking breakfast activity on capacity word problems. • Introduce Weight/Mass: Nurse Stacy as a guest speaker on weight and weight management. • Provide students with benchmark numbers and have them estimate the weight and mass of objects. • Small Groups: Students can find the actual mass/weight of the objects. They will place their responses in a graphic organizer. • Teacher lead small groups: Convert units of weight and mass in t-charts. • Introduction of Perimeter/Area: United Streaming Video • Teacher Lead Demonstration of using geoboards to find area and perimeter. • Interactive Geoboard • Introduce volume using pop cubes • Pair read volume article and answer examples provided over volume using the appropriate formula. • Mega Math Volume Game 	<p>Math Jingles <u>How to Make Books with Children Science & Math</u></p> <p>Instructorweb</p> <p>Unitedstreaming.com</p> <p>http://nlvm.usa.edu/en/nav/frames_asid_172_g_2_t-3.html?open=activities&from=grade_g_2.html</p> <p>Instructorweb</p> <p>Harcourt</p>
Career Connections	
Cashier, Architect, Nurse, Surveyor, Meteorologist, Chef, Travel Agent, Pilot, etc	