#### **UNIT OF STUDY**

Title: "As A Matter of Factor, It Is!" (Unit 17) Subject/Course:Integrated Algebra B Part 2 Length: 21/2 weeks

Topic: Classifying, Simplifying, & Factoring Polynomials Grade: 9 Designer: Foresee/Phipps

### **UNIT GOALS AND EXPECTATIONS**

## IMPORTANT CONCEPTS/UNDERSTANDINGS:

- Like terms can be combined to simplify an expression
- The degree of a polynomial is not necessarily the first term
- The constant is not necessarily the last term
- If the same variable has different exponents, then they are separate terms
- Terms cannot be combined unless they are alike
- Everything beside (multiplying) a set of parentheses is distributed to everything inside of the parentheses
- The two factors of a trinomial when multiplied together will give you that trinomial
- If there is a common factor in every term of a polynomial it must first be divided out

#### **ESSENTIAL QUESTIONS:**

- How do I find the degree and constant of a polynomial?
- How do I classify a polynomial?
- How do I differentiate between terms
- What happens to the exponent when I combine like terms?
- What needs to be done first when factoring a polynomial?
- How do I write a polynomial in ascending/descending order?
- Why do I write a polynomial in ascending/descending order?

#### STUDENT LEARNING EXPECTATIONS:

 LA.1.Al.5 Perform polynomial operations (addition, subtraction, multiplication) with and without manipulatives

- NLF.3.AI.1 Factoring polynomials
  - o greatest common factor
  - o *binomials* (difference of squares)
  - o trinomials

# SPECIFIC DECLARATIVE KNOWLEDGE – What I know

Vocabulary

- Binomial
- Constant
- Degree of a Polynomial
- Difference of Perfect Squares
- Factor
- FOIL
- Leading Coefficient
- Monomial
- Perfect Squares
- Polynomial
- Trinomial
- Variable
- Term
- Distribute
- Simplify
- Area
- "AC Method" for Factoring

# SPECIFIC PROCEDURAL KNOWLEDGE – What I need to do

- Classify Polynomials
- Write a polynomial from given information
- Simplify multi-term expressions
- Represent areas as polynomials
- To factor polynomials you must have two factors of the constant term that add together to give you the coefficient in the middle term

**UNIT ASSESSMENTS** 

# (Include tasks related to Dimensions 3 and 4 and Bloom's Taxonomy)

- 2 Open Response prompt involving factoring of polynomials
- 1 Open Response prompts requiring students to simplify polynomials

#### **Traditional Assessments:**

- Multiple Choice Quizzes over: describing polyn, simplifying polyn, factoring polyn
- Vocabulary Test
- Warm-Up Quizzes
- Unit Test

# Other Evidence of Learning:

- "Homelearning"
- Classwork
- Warm-up exercises

# **ACTIVITIES AND LEARNING EXPERIENCES**

- Introduce Vocabulary using 4-Step Vocabulary Strategy
- Use Mastery Math materials to practice concepts
- "Sum & Product Pre-Factoring Puzzles"
- "Special Binomials with Patterns" PwrPnt
- "GCF and Factoring" PwrPnt
- "Cutout Factoring" Puzzle

### Resources

- 4-Step Vocabulary Worksheet
- Vocabulary list
- Mastery Math materials
- www.ilovemath.org/index.php?option=com docman&task=cat view&gid=51
- (same url for "Special Binomials with Patterns" PwrPnt)
- (same url page 2 for "GCF and Factoring" PwrPnt)
- (same url page 2 for "Cutout Factoring" Puzzle)

#### **Career Connections**

Construction, Architects, NASA, Engineering, Agriculture, Physicists