UNIT OF STUDY

T:No.	Doctor Anglesia (Dro AD additions in hold). Cubicas	1000000	Finaliah	Lameth 2.5 washe	
Title:	Poetry Analysis (Pre-AP additions in bold) Subject	(/Course:	English	Length: 2.5 weeks	
Topic:	Intro to Analyzing Poetry Grad	e: 9	Designer	: Ellen Hope	
UNIT GOALS AND EXPECTATIONS					
THEODERANT CONCERTS WINDERSTANDINGS					
	FANT CONCEPTS/UNDERSTANDINGS: s a type of rhythmic compressed language that uses	ESSENTIAL QUESTIONS: What is poetry?			
	of speech and imagery to appeal to the reader's	What is a ballad?			
emotions.		What is imagery?			
Ballad is	s a song that tells a story.	What is figurative language?			
	is writing that appeals to the senses.				
	NT LEARNING EXPECTATIONS:	R.10.9.8			
W.7.9.9 Use figurative language effectively with emphasis on personification and simile		Identify techniques poets use to evoke emotion in a reader R.10.9.6			
R.9.9.14		Read traditional and contemporary works of poets from			
Identify	and categorize figures of speech and sound devices,	many cultures			
including simile, metaphor, personification, hyperbole,		R.10.9.7			
oxymoron, and pun		Identify the concept of persona			
R.10.9.3 Read a variety of narrative poetry, including ballad and epic		R.10.9.9 Explain how word choice in a poem creates tone and voice			
R.10.9.4		R.10.9.10			
	Define and identify poetic conventions and structures,		Paraphrase and interpret to find the meaning of selected		
including line, stanza, imagery, rhythm, rhyme, and sound devices		poems, emp W.5.9.6	hasizing the line		
R.10.9.5		Write poems using a range of poetic techniques, forms, and			
	Identify the characteristics of narrative poetry		figurative language, emphasizing narrative poetry		
SPECIFIC DECLARATIVE KNOWLEDGE – What I know		SPECIFIC P	ROCEDURAL K	NOWLEDGE – What I need to	
Identify and Define imagery, catalog poem, mood, style,		do			
haiku, ballad, figure of speech, metaphor, simile,		TP-CASTT Analysis			
personification, diction, connotation, denotation, rhyme, rhythm, free verse, alliteration, assonance, onomatopoeia,		Debate speaker persona Interpret author's mood and general tone of poetry			
foot, iamb, trochee, anapest, dactyl, spondee, scanning,		Sketch image of poem being read aloud			
rhyme scheme		Paraphrase meaning			
		Compare/contrast poetic conventions			
				theme of poetry	
			ord choice of po		
Form a template for haiku and catalog poem UNIT ASSESSMENTS					
(Include tasks related to Dimensions 3 and 4 and Bloom's Taxonomy)					
Ballad Poem composition (catalog poem and haiku)					
Poetry test					
Traditio	nal Assessments:	Other Evide	nce of Learning		
	Quiz over Poetry Elements		TP-CASTT Analysis		
TP-CAS	TP-CASTT quiz		Imagery interpretation (A Blessing)		

ACTIVITIES AND LEARNING EXPERIENCES	Resources
Introduction of poetry elements TP-CASTT Analysis	Element s of Literature,

- Teacher will model TP-CASTT of poetry using Smart Board for students
- -----Students will then assist the teacher in TP-CASTT Analysis of new poem on Smart Board
- ----Students will then be able to use TP-CASTT analysis on their own
- -----LSD 4-step of connotation, paraphrase, attitude, shifts, theme, imagery (revisit)
- Read "A Blessing" by James Wright
- ----students listen as teacher reads
- ----students draw the scenery based on their listening (imagery)
- Introduction of ballad
- -----play "Devil Went Down to Georgia" (or other appropriate ballad)
- -----have students scrutinize and list events of story
- Students will then write their own ballad
- ----prewriting will consist of listing events to incorporate
- ----students must incorporate imagery and figurative language as well
- Students will evaluate meter of poetry
- Students will find rhyme scheme in poems to read

Third Course

Hip-Hop Poetry and The Classics for the Classroom

Daily Warm-ups: Poetry

TP-CASTT Analysis

"Lord Randall"

"Battle of Birmingham"

"Devil Went Down to Georgia"

Various other poems

10-Minute Poetry Activities

Career Connections

Poet, editor, cartoonist, caption writer, jingle writer